Published by the Press Publishing Co.

THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 12. SUBSCRIPTION TO THE EVENING EDITION (Including Postage), PER MONTH, 30c.; PER YEAR, \$3.50.

VOL 28.....NO. 9,732

Entered at the Post-Office at New York as second-class

Circulation Books and Press Room OPEN TO ALL.

THE CIRCULATION OF THE

EVENING EDITION

THE WORLD for the week ending Saturday, April 7, was as follows:

Monday 100,240 TUESDAY 103,320 WEDNESDAY 108,040 THURSDAY 100,280 FRIDAY 104,420 SATURDAY 106.740

Average for the entire 106,291

THE EVENING WORLD has a larger circulation than any Evening paper printed in English and is not afraid to publish its figures or open its books to the public.

MOVING AT LAST.

THE WORLD's exposure of the Albany lobby and its persistent demand for some action in regard to this public scandal have begun to bear fruit.

The District-Attorney of Albany County will to-day bring before the Grand Jury the facts and evidence sustaining THE WORLD'S charge that EUGENE WOOD attempted to bribe Senators Ives and Languein to introduce a bill in the Senate.

The Assembly Committee on Judiciary will begin to-day an investigation of Lobbyist PHELPS's claim that he can control Assemblymen, The floors of both chambers are cleared of these corruptionists as the result of the exposure. It remains to be seen whether they can be punished.

SLIPPED OUT AGAIN.

GOULD and SAGE, the weasel and the coon of Wall street, again avoid the trap of the

If it is better to be born lucky than rich, how fortunate are they who are both lucky and rich. No other result could be or was expected

when the District-Attorney stretched the Statute of Limitations to cover these millionaire railroad wreckers, and stated "frankly' to Recorder SMYTH that he had no reason for asking for a recommitment of the case to a Grand Jury.

But the petty criminals and poor thieves had better be careful!

THE OLD STORY.

Stage-struck, ran away from home, befooled, ruined and deserted by the man who was to "get her an engagement"-this is the old story repeated by the "pretty, lady-like" girl from Pittsburg who has just been taken home with her young life blighted.

If other foolish girls with a like infatuation can be saved by this warning, the publica tion of it will serve a good purpose. It is a great injury to the stage, and is not now true, if ever it was, to have the impression prevail that entrance to it must come through the door of disgrace.

Stage-struck girls should not begin by being fools-and worse.

After several days of time-wasting and horse-play the National House has ended the dead-lock by postponing the Direct Tax bill to Décember. It will be fortunate if several more important matters are not postponed also, as a result of this delay and the bad feeling it has created.

The "mejum business," as a game for extracting money from rich people with unsettled minds, receives a set-back in the arrest of the woman DISS DEBAR and her accomplices, through a line of exposure opened by THE WORLD. And yet the crop of credulous victims will no doubt continue to perpetuate itself

The business men of New York, especially those interested in its real estate and its architectural adornment, welcome warmly the announcement of a magnificent new Worne Building on the site of French's Hotel.

JOHN SHERMAN'S fences in Ohio appear to have a lot of BLAINE rails and ties in them.

Why We Please Our Readers. THE EVENTRO WORLD Of yesterday was far in advance of all its contemporaries in furmishing the news to the public, and the following items of news were given to the public

long before any other paper had them : The condition of Roscoe Conking.
Result of the Cushing-Callagher fight.
Queen Victoria's increview with Bisonarck.
Result of the English City and Suburban races.
Newsboys to play ball.
Keir to be tried April 23.

In its Baseball and Racing Extra it was the only paper that gave the names of the men who were killed by the wall which fall at 506 East Seventy-fourth street.

An interview with Keefe was exclusive.
It gave more games elsewhere than any other paper, and had complete scores from Cincinnati and Philadelphia.

It gives the best and latest news and is reliable and prompt.

Died of a Severed Artery. . The unknown man found lying in a vacant lot or Boston avenue, between the South Boulevard an Jefferson street, at 7 o'clock last night with the array of his right arm severed and a rasor with which he had out himself beside him, died at a orshoek that morning in the Harlem Hospital. He looks like an Italian. The body wilf be seint to the GOOD THINGS FOR THE TABLE.

Wild trout, 85 cents a pound. Goose eggs, 75 cents a dozen. Hardshell crabs, \$3 per hundred. Tomatoes bring 35 cents a quart. Cultivated trout stay at \$1 a pound. Asparagus brings 85 cents a bunch. Fresh Long Island eggs, 18 for 25 cents. Southern radishes are sold for 6 cents a bunch. A 4M-pound shad can be purchased for 50 cents.

SOME POINTS ABOUT LAWYERS.

James Delaney has conquered " Equity." Counsellor Moe Goodman wears eyeglasses. Ex-Justice McCarthy is practising law again. Thomas Cody knows every section of the code. Counsellor Berrick enjoys a good game of ball. Counsellor Jesse K. Furlong likes the title of eferee. Counsellor Maurice Rapf has bought a new house

uptown. Zacharias Kurzman wants to practise law this summer.

Sam Johnson always carries a cane when he goes

o court. Sam J. Goldsmith thinks that lawyers should not play poker.

Counsellor Emanuel Triend will give a free expursion this summer. Counsellor Herman Joseph likes to study " Washourn on Real Estate."

Counsellor John J. Sullivan would like to be the author of a law book. Counsellor Herman Fox likes to try his District

Court case before a jury. Jacob Levy is known as "Attorney-General of he Fifth District Court," Counsellor William George Oppenheimer always

MUSCULAR HUMANITY.

mokes imported cigars.

quarters in his practice.

E. C. Carter is going to do his best to lay out W. Newman will represent the Olympios in

Ex-Champion Wrestler J. J. O'Brien is going to try sprint running. Tommy Namack is running; good halves and

Al Copeland will keep the Maphatian and other clubs' hurdlers guessing. Olympic Athlete N. Linicus will do some tal

sprinting the next few months. Frank Isherwood is the manager of this year's dympic Athletic Club baseball nine.

Ed Weinacht, of the Spartan Harriers, is prepar ng to do some great rowing this year. Ernest Hjertsberg will contest with Carter, Con neff and Skillman in the distance rons.

Herman Biertsberg, of the Olympics, will cor fine himself to beel-and-toe efforts this sesson. Cherry Diamonder G. A. White, who fooled with the weights last year, will play baseball this summer.

O. J. Stevens, who was last year's senior singlescull champion on the Harlem, promises to be better tuan ever this year.

Malcolm W. Ford, ex-champion, is keeping still, out it is rumored he is going to show the amateurs just what a wonder they all but lost. They say that F. A. Ware will come near hold

ing a higher position in the Manhattan Athletic Club than Eddie Lange before the snow flies. W. F. Thompson, of the Olympic Athletic Club is getting in trim for mile and half-mile work. He will run in the cross-country team race at Cedar-

Archie Thompson, the good-looking New York Athletic Club man, has picked up sparring wonderfully the past winter. He is trying spiked shoes now on the turf.

T. Avery Collett, of the Pastimes, is best on distauce runs, but he can sprint, too. He ran a wonderful armory race last winter against the cracks, finishing second.

Capt. W. A. Halpin, of the Olympics, will prob ably follow his usual plan-enjoy himself all summer, then train a few weeks and scoop the prizes in at the fall meetings.

WORLDLINGS.

Norfolk, Va. , claims the distinction of being the year of 2,000,000 bushels of peanuts, most of which are grown in Virginia.

The only woman lawyer in Georgia is Mrs. Hamliton Douglas, of Atlanta. She is a graduate of the Law School of the University of Michigan, and when she graduated was complimented by Judge Cooley on her legal attainments. There are 200 men in Cincinnati who carry an

aggregate life insurance of \$10,000,000. One wellknown railroad man has policies on his life amounting to \$285,000, and Mr. Stewart Shillito, the drygoods merchant, is insured for \$250,000. Mrs. Paul Wierdenbecher, of Muwaukee, has

ree-months-old baby that weighs only three pounds. Its arms are so tiny that the mother's wedding ring will easily pass over them up to the houlder. The child is perfectly formed. When born it weighed only one pound. Whenever they give a dance in Spalding County,

Ga., Uncle Chartle Hammond is always in demand to play the fiddle. He is minety-five years old and uses the same violin that he began to play on eighty-five years ago; but there is no one in the ounty who can play a livelier reel.

George Cull, of Dallasburg, Ky., when a boy of only seven years, memorized and repeated 1,300 verses of the Bible. His memory was so strong that after hearing a sermon preached he could repeat it verbatim. Yet for all that he did not turn out well, for he was sent to jail later in life for horse stealing.

A tourist who is travelling in India writes hom that he was astonished by the precocity of the Hindoo children. Many of them are skilful workmen at an age when other children are learning the alphabet. One of the most expert carvers in wood he saw was a boy of seven, and many of the andsomest and most costly rugs and carpets are woven by children not yet in their teens.

Vincent de Bauernfeind, who is employed as watchman at the Grand Opera-House in St. Louis. saseris that he has the royal blood of Hungary coursing through his veins. He is now forty-fiv years old, somewhat below medium stature, with lark complexion, coal-black hair and eyes, and has an air of rennement. His father, Count Vincent de Bauernfeind, was chief of the medical staff o he first Napoleon.



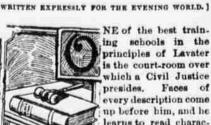
Order Cysters in SAY Oysters.

Walter-Shad, sah.

COSMOPOLITAN

The Trials of a Justice.

Alfred Steckler, Judge of the Fourth District Court, PART I.



ing schools in the principles of Lavater is the court-room over which a Civil Justice presides. Faces of every description come up before him, and he learns to read character from the traits of the human counte

nance as if it were an open written page. If there is anything which quickens and brings fully into play the passions of the human soul it is self-interest, and this is always found in the men and women who stand before the Court, whether to lodge s complaint and seek redress for a grievance or to resent an imputation that has been brought against themselves, as it is claimed, unjustly.

The passions and feelings that are roused are not, as a rule, deep or deadly. Many are the incidents which would supply a humorist with material for his playful pen, or suggest almost literal portraiture of the characters to the cynic as a good equivalent for the most exaggerated caricature.

The Fourth Judicial District is one of the nost cosmopolitan quarters of this cosmopolitan city of New York. It contains some two hundred thousand souls and comprises two wards the Tenth and the Seventeenth. This section, especially the Eighth Assembly District, is composed very largely of those who have forsaken the trials and poverty of the Old World in the hope of better luck in the New. Many of these aliens are refugees from oppression, who hoped to gain in this land of the free the liberty which appealed so strongly to their persecuted souls. Fifteen years ago the Eighth Assembly District contained few Hebrews within its confines. Today it numbers them by thousands.

Ludlow, Essex, Norfolk, Suffolk and Hester streets are filled with them, and the signs. the shops and the whole general appearance of these thoroughfares bear witness to their presence. It must be said that they are a peaceable and law-abiding class.

The language which was spoken in the land of Canaan is heard in New York to-day. The teachings of the great Hillel and the philosophy of the celebrated Moses Maimonides are known to the inhabitants of this section of the town, and the influence of these two great Hebrews is felt and does good among their New York descendants.



It is a marked change to go to the Tenth Assembly District. Here the Teutonic element is the predominant one. Kant is well known as their great philosopher ; Goethe as their foremost German poet; Heine, Richter, Uhland and Schiller as great luminaries of the literature of the Fatherland. The rays of these luminaries penetrate to many of the German bouseholds in this neighborhood.

Long ago as many of these families have left the Fatherland, they still love Germany, and the death of the Emperor has roused a sentiment of regret among them.

The Fourteenth Assembly District offers another change in its inhabitants. Most of the denizens of this district are of Celtic origin. The sons and daughters of Erin are gathere here, in close neighborhood, who in Ireland lived in the counties of Kerry, Cork, Munster, Killarney, Tipperary, Donegal and Galway, and the Wicklow Mountains, Stanch Americans as they have become—for they are as full of patriotic regard for the land of their adoption as the native-born Puritan or Virginian, they still carry an undying love of their persecuted island in their warm hearts. and out of the wages which they get from days of hard toil they manage to save enough to send goodly contributions to the dear ones who are languishing in the island of their

It may be imagined, then, that in a judicial district comprising three or four nationalities with their varying characteristics, the scenes on court days are not without touches of humor and pathos. Nearly all sorts of trades and every profession will have some representation there, and suits are brought or complaints made about every subject that

can be thought of. Once a model of King Solomon's Temple was brought into court. It had been made with the greatest care and reproduced exactly (or was claimed to do so) every feature of that immense and wonderful structure, It had cost thousands of dollars and the construction of this copy of the great worship ping place of the Jews had been a slow, care ful work. It had been exhibited in Europe and thousands had viewed it and admired its architectural beauty and perfection. And now it was the object of the people's admiration in the court-room. The officials had hard work to keep the people in order, they crowded round so eagerly to look at the strange exhibit.

Imagine the Temple of Solomon figuring in a New York court on the east side as the object of litigation baseog ant at patitidw | 2. (Concluded to-marrows)

BEST KNOWN CITY BARBERS.

Basy J. F. Minaidi, Who Does Not Care for His Noble Italian Title. Although the origin of the Astor House



native of Sicily. He came to this country in his early youth. His first experience in his

J. F. MINALDI. present profession was obtained in 1860, when he secured a position as brush-boy in the barber shop of Simpson's lotel, in Washington. From this humble beginning, however, he

From this humble beginning, however, he soon rose to a post of greater trust and responsibility, and in 1845 he became well known among downtown business men as one of the best manipulators of the razor in the old Park Hotel barber-shop, which was located where the Morse Building now stands. There he remained for ten years continuously, extending his acquaintance and increasing his experience, until, in 1875, he took charge of the Astor House shop, and, as a matter of course, brought with him to his new establishment all his old customers.

Besides his shaving and shampooing, however, Mr. Minaldi finds time to devote to sporting matters, and his information regarding the turf is extensive and accurate.

Art matters also claims a share of his attention, and he has established a reputation as a

tion, and he has established a reputation as a conneisseur in the field of music and drama

as well.

Some time ago Mr. Minaldi received notification that he had fallen heir to an estate in Italy, which established his right to a noble title. Thus far, however, he has taken no steps to claim it, and to a reporter he said that he had almost forgotten the circumstance until reminded of it.

REBELLION AGAINST A BISHOP.

Twelve Members of a Church Resign on Account of the Rev. O. A. Brown.

There is serious trouble in the Eighteenth Street Methodist Episcopal Church over what the members call the arbitrary action of Bishop Andrews at the recent session of the New York Conference. Many members wanted the Rev. O. A. Brown transferred from the Newark Conference and made their paster, as promised a year ago by Bishop Fowler.

They had several conferences with Bishop Andrews, and while he held out a hope that their request would be granted, he desired it to be distinctly understood that he was not bound by any pledge which Bishop Fowler

bound by any pledge which Bishop Fowler might have given.

When the list of appointments was read off it was learned that the Rev. C. R. North had been returned to Eighteenth street.

A meeting of the official Board of the church was held Tuesday night at the residence of Secretary John McClelland, on Seventeenth street, near Eighth avenue, and twelve of the fifteen members of the Board resigned, withdrawing their support from the church. Most of them will demand letters of dismissal from the church. of them will de from the church.

NOVELTIES FROM PARIS.

Bewitching Bounets and Marvellous Dresses Imported by Altman & Co.

The firm of B. Altman & Co., of Sixth avenu and Ninetcenth street, have received their annual importations of ladies' bonnets, dresses, cloaks, wraps and underwest. The importations this year excel those of former years both in style and elegance. They are from Paris, being bought there by the firm's own agent, who accompanied the goods home.

There are bonnets and dresses among the importations that are marvels of beauty and elegance. The dresses are of special mention. They represent the best that the famous establisments of Worth and Pingat, of Paris, could produce. There are dresses for seashore, country and city, for

For the seashore there is a dress somewhat novel in appearance. It is called the "handker-novel in appearance of eighteen handker-For the seashore there is a dress somewhat novel in appearance. It is called the "bandker-chiefs It is both novel and pretty and is sure to charm the mind of any lady who views it. A lady could stand all day admiring the numerous other dresses that fill the store, for they are so enchanting. Then there are the bonnets. Imported from Mine. Engenie's and Virot's, the public can judge for themselves what style of bounets there are, Young ladles who are in search of handsome bonnets and hats should at once visit alternal's. There is a bonnet, which this firm is the only importer of, that will surely gain popular favor. It is called the flower tounet. It represents a full-grown geranium. There are also other dowers represented.

The cloaks and wraps are beautiful. They can either be worn at seashore or country. Then there are the riding jackets. Made of red cloth, with a white vest and trimmed with gold braiding, they look handsome. The ladies' underwear, department is one that every lady should visit. The goods there are all of French manufacture and of the very best material. There are several new styles of garments in this department which the firm has the honor of introducing this side of the Atlantic, There are China silk nightgowns, chemies, trimmed with o'd valenchemea laces. The readymade suits for misses are all of the very best mater and material. There are some very fine suits among this lot.

Miss Parsons in Allegheny City.

ISPECIAL TO THE WORLD. (
PITTSBURG, April 12. —Miss Parsons arrived here this morning, and was taken direct to her home it Allegheny. She refuses to talk. The city is still greatly excited.

Guests at the Hotels.

William Seemuller, of Baltimore, is at the Hoff H. M. Barkers, broker, of Buffsio, is at the Gen. J. S. Casement, of Plainsville, O., is at the

W. B. Begley, U. S. N., is sheltered at the Fifth Avenue. David McClasky, of St. Paul, is among the Gil-Congressman M. D. Lagan, of Louisiana, is at the Sturtevant.

R. G. Shaw, a manufacturer of Woolsey, Mass. is at the Hoffman. J. Ed Marcit's name is on the Hoffman register. He comes from Paris. H. H. Peck, a broker, of Cincinnati, has rooms at the Fifth Avenue.

A. W. S ott. a railroad man of foledo, sees his friends at the Hoffman. W. C. Goodloe, a Paymaster in the navy, s at the Fifth Avenue with friends. the Fifth Avenue with friends.
United States Senator D. M. Sabin, of Minnesota, is accommodated at the Gilsey.
Robert G. Harvey, General Manager of the Soo line of Canada, is at the Gilsey.

Inc of Canada, is at the Gilsey.

W. D. Keiler, President of the Beach Creek Coal
Company of Emire, is at the Gilsey.

J. H. Vandergrift, a prominent man of the Standard Oil Company, is at the Fifts Avenue. Dr. James Hadenburg, brother of Judge Hadenburg, of Medford, Mass., is at the St. James.

G. G. Hawks, of Corning, N. Y.; Col. C. K. Moon, of Elizabeth, N. J., and A. M. Granger, of Boaton, are at the Asior.

At the Union Square Hotel are F. Anderson, of Boaton; J. F. Potter, of London; R. E. Perret, of Albany, and J. P. Byrne, of Chicago. Among the arrivals at the Hotel Dam to-day are F. Newton, of Boston; J. N. Dickinson, of Holyoke; James A. Robinson, of Bangor, and T. Culver, of Boston.

Registered at the Morton Rouse to-day are C. R. Begistered at the Morton Rouse to-day are C. R. Bifford, of Philadelphia; William Vaugh, of Providence; C. M. Talcott, of Hartford; Edwin C. Vall, of Hoston; E. B. Hasbrouck, of Buffalo, and Geo. P. Fuller, of Boston.

LABOR'S FEMALE COHORTS.

THE ORGANIZATION FORMED BY WOMEN AND GIRLS TO WIN THEIR RIGHTS.

Many a Tale of Ill-Paid Drudgery, Privation and Despair Told While the Society Was Being Founded - Women More Difficult Organize Than Men-Equal Pay for Both Sexes Asked-The Lenders.

Nearly six months ago the movement which has had its fruition in the development of the Workingwomen's Society took definite shape and the subjoined call was issued:

and the subjoined call was issued:

To Women and Girls who are Working for Their Licing and Earning Daily Wages!
We have arranges for eight meetings to be heid on Wednesday evenings at Fythingoras Hail, beginning Oct. 22. These meetings will be carried on entirely of women, and only women and girls may attend them. The purpose of the meetings is to bring together women and girls who work for their living and encourage them to consult as to how they can organize more thoroughly for their own improvement and protection and how they can gain the same consideration from employers and factory-owners that men have gained by their unions and orders.

We ask you to belp by showing this notice to your friends, coming to the meetings and bringing others. The meetings will begin at 80 clock. There will be two addresses by women on each evening, music, singing, recitations and an open discussion of some matter of interest. Committee:

MARY McGinley,
ARKIA S. HUNTINGTON,
LKONORE O'REILY,
GABRIELLE GREELEY.

Many responded to this invitation, which

Many responded to this invitation, which was widely circulated, and although the little band which gathered together on these occa sions in Pythagoras Hall seemed a very small fraction of the great army of 200,000 women in this city who are wage-earners, yet it was distinctly representative. Nearly every branch of industry open to women was heard from at one time or another at the experience meetings which each night followed the read-ing of a paper bearing upon some phase of



MISS IDA M. VAN ETTEN. At the conclusion of these papers or ad dresses general discussion was invited, and then the most interesting disclosures were

nade.
The information presented concerning the

The information presented concerning the wages, hours and condition of the workers had not been collected with painstaking exactness by a third party. It came straight from the lips of those earning, enduring and suffering, and the force and directness of such statements was unerring.

Many women came in fear and trembling lest their employers should discover that they were attending the meetings and dismiss them. They felt that their bread and butter was in jeopardy. Gradually, however, they became reassured, and at last the most timid among them was not afraid to add her story of experience or observations to the pathetic history told by the toilers. And what a record of ill-paid drudgery, privation, poverty and despair these accounts of the industrial condition of women bread-winners revealed! Gradually in the minds of all present grew

up the conviction that the only hope of help lay in the organizing of women's labor Associations with such purpose are plentifu Associations with such purpose are pleatiful among neu, and their advantages to neu are patent; but women as a class are averse to the idea. The bare mention of "organization" fills them with vague terrors. It stands for "strikes" in their vocabulary, and they have a dreadful feeling that they and they have a dreadful feeling that they are on the very threshold of the lenitentiary if they even suffer themselves to listen to a proposition to organize. So, possessed by horror of this means of redress, they go on tolling, a bline force. norror of this means of refess, they go on tolling: a blind force of units—a vast, un-trained, unorganized army—each individual with a sort of Ishmael feeling that every man's hand is against her, and her hand must needs be against every man.



MISS MARY C. ANDREWS. The object of these assemblies in Pythagoras Hall was not charity, nor even philanthropy, Those women cried out for justice justice for themselves and for their fellows. And they set about obtaining what they wanted in a very practical fashion. The con-stitution of the Workingwomen's Society" (which title had been unanimously adopted) was gradually evolved and finally finished and accepted. The purposes of the society are thus stated in the preamble;

As the unwise, inequitable and defective fea ares of our present sconomic condition inevitably and to reduce all who live by their own labor to ebasing poverty and dependence; Aud, as the suffering and degradation resulting And, as the suffering and degradation resulting from this system bear most heavily upon women who support thems lives by their own labor;
And, holding that these evils can be resisted most effectively by united and organized action, particularly to the end of securing better wages, shorter hours and more humane treatment:

We, therefore, have formed the Working women's Society, in order to help and induce working women to form organ zations to protect themseves, as much as possible, against these evils, for mutual and and benefit, and also to assist in the great work of our age—the removal of the unjust features of the present labor system whereby these evils are caused.

caused.
The methods by which this society shall labor for The methods by which this society shall labor for its ends shall then be by promoting organization—that is, helping workingwomen to form unions, leagues and other societies on common principles for common ends.

This society helieves that among the principles on which the organization of women should proceed must stand the following:

1. Relief and rescue for those women now oppressed and wronged cannot come without their

pressed and wronged cannot come without their inited effort and institual association.

2. That for united effort there is need of a cen-2. That for united effort there is need of a central society which shall gather together those already devoted to the cause of organization among women, shall collect statistics and publish facts, shall be ready to formish information and advice, and above all shall continue and increase agitation on this subject.

2. That no remedy of separate abuses or wrongs will remove the source of these evits until the conditions under waters made workers shall have abundant op-

portunity to employ their labor and be secured the just fruits of their labor.

The following are inversore the specific objects of the Workingwomen's Society:

1. To found trade organizations in such trades where they do not exist, and to encourage and such as the stating labor organizations, to the end of increasing wages and shortening hours.

2. By using all the means in our power to enforce the existing laws relating to the protection of wowen and enliuren in shops and factories; investigating and protesting against all violations of said laws; also, whenever possible, promoting legislation on this subject.

3. The abolition of tenement-house manufacture, especially in the industries of clothing and eigers.

4. To investigate and protest against all cases that are creditably irought to our notice of cruel and tyrannical treatment on the part of employees.

that are creditably trought to our notice of cruel and tyrannical treatment on the part of employers and their managers, open robbery by withholding pay, or underhand their in imposing fines and docking wages on trivial grounds, shamful indecency in the arrangement of shops, and abusive or insulting language to the helpless and defenseless women employees.



MISS MARY M'GINLEY.

5. To found a Labor Bureau, for the purpose of facilitating the exchange of labor between the city and country, and thus relieving the overcrowded occupations now filled by women.

6. To publish a journal in the interests of work-townous.

ingwomen.
7. To secure for both sexes equal pay for equal The constitution provides that the officers shall be a Recording, a Corresponding and a Financial Secretary and a Treasurer, who with eleven members to be elected, shall constitute the Executive Committee. The dues are

the the Executive Committee. The dues are fixed at 20 cents a month.

Among the most earnest workers for the furtherance of the welfare of this society is Miss Ida M. Van Etten.

This lady has been associated in one way or another with various efforts made to ameliorate the condition of womankind, during the past few years. She has devoted much time to the personal investigation of much time to the personal investigation of long established abuses in the industrial sys-tem, and has frequently presented these evils in the most efficient and exhaustive manner, both in private and on the platform.

By her individual influence Miss Van Etten has secured already much substantial sup-port for the movement in which she is a leader. The headquarters of the working-women, at 28 Lafayette place, have been tenwomen, at 28 Lafayette place, have been tendered, rent free, to the society for one year, by Mrs. Collis P. Huntington, who has also made a gift of the very suitable furnishings of these rooms. The free use of the small hall in Cooper Union has also been given to the society for its monthly public meetings, which, by the way, retain many of the characteristics of the original Pythagoras Hall essemblies



Among the strongly representative women of this society is Miss Mary C. Andrews, a compositor. She like Miss Van Etten and many other members, is a "K. of L." She has, to use her own phrase, "been working for women ever since she was old enough to know they needed help." For eight years she labored faithfully to get women type-setters to join the union, and finally suc-ceeded in accomplishing her purpose. She was one of the first consulted with in reference to the call issued for the meetings at Pythagoras Hall, and has been one of the most interesting and suggestive talkers on

such occasions. Another representative sister is Miss Mary McGinley, a feather curler by trade. She is a young woman, but has read much and pondered carefully the problems offered by the woman's labor question, and her temperate and wise utterances are not infrequently as oil on troubled waters of excited revelations and heated discussion.

Miss Fannie Morris, the clever young Re-

cording Secretary of the society, is a telegra-pher in the offices of the Western Union Telegraph Company.

Miss Morris cannot see any reason why, if a woman does equal work with a man, she is not entitled to equal pay and identical con-sideration, and she is bending her energies to the attainment of this end for all woman-

Among those numbered in this society are many who feel that it would be prejudicial to their business interests to have their memto their business interests to have their mem-bership disclosed, and it is a point of honor not to divulge their names. Therefore any timid soul to whom secrecy means safety need not fear to enter in.

Already several trades have sought to be organized under the auspices of the W.W.S., and one manufacturing firm has signified its willingness to deal with organized labor. To meet this proposition, articles of agreement have been drawn up by Miss Van Etten, in-dorsed by the Executive Committee and submitted to the firm, which now has the in-strument under consideration.

submitted to the firm, which now has the in-strument under consideration.

Another step taken by the society is a peti-tion to the Legislature to have the bill ap-pointing factory inspectors amended so that six or more women may be added to the num-ber already appointed. So large a propor-tion of women any workers under the juristion of women are workers under the juris-diction of these inspectors that it is deemed expedient to have their condition and en-vironment investigated by those of their own

Crushed Hospitality friend? Thanks, no; I never disinfect.

. [From Tid-Bits.] Sociable Stranger (of fering a Bridgeport Victoria) - Have a cigar. Churitan Stranger

Collision on the Eric Near Bradford Pa.

SEADFORD, Pa., April 12.—The passenger train eaving this city at 4.25 A. M. on the Eric collided with a freight train six miles below this city. The freight train consisted of 120 cars, which, together with two engines, are piled up in a conglomerated mass. The charineers and firemen on both trains jumped and saved their lives. The engineer of the passenger train was severely injured but not fatally. No passengers were hurt.

A REMARKABLE **OCCURRENCE**

a most singular nervous disease. She had for years bee subject to nervous prostration, but this time there ban sense of weakness and weariness in the limbs an inability to sleep. Soon paralysis, which always follow these symptoms, set in, and was so great that even the eyes were affected, rendering her double-sighted. For lifteen weeks she remained in this terrible condition, and had she not secured relief and ours at this stage a fatal result would certainly have followed. Fortunately, she had heard of the wonderful effects of

the nerve remedy discovered by Dr. Greene, of 35 west Fourteeath street, New York, the great specialist in the cure of nervous diseases, who, as every one knows, gives consultation free of charge in all cases. This really re consultation free of charge in all cases. This really re-markable remedy, Dr. Greene's Nervura Norvo Toma, which is sold by all druggists at \$1 per bottle, she believed would certainly cure her, as it had cured thousands of others suffering from nervous complaints, and she immediately procured a bottle. To use her own words, she said: "The morning I seat for Dr. Greene's Nervura Nerve Tonic I had not closed my eyes to sleep for three nights. I was leaves the my eyes to sleep for three nights. I was losing the use of my limbs, and the least exertion tired me. I tool

one bottle of Dr. Greene's Nervura Nerve Tonic and th effect was wonderful. Yes, in less than one week is seemed to impart renewed life, and I could breath better. I was encouraged, and sent for more of the remedy, and after taking three bottles the numbness disappeared. I persevered in using it and I found as grow stronger my eyes improved gradually until new they are well. I have every reason to think that Dr. Greene's Nervura Nerve Tonic saved my life. I advise very nervous person to give it a trial. Her case is certainly a marked one, but really no mo wonderful than the remarkable restoration of Mr. Alex-ander Horn, of the Marine Asylum, Philadelphia, Pa., by the use of the same remedy. Mr. Horn was stricks

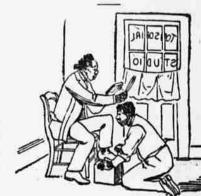
with paralysis of the left side in 1866, and has eincet! time been under the treatment of many physicians and tried various remedies. He could not in all the year that have passed since stricken lift his left foot fre floor. He commenced taking Dr. Greens's Nervera Nerve Tonic, and is now able to walk without a case, having good use of his foot and side so long use Greene's Nervura Nerve Tonic has cured him of his terrible paralysis.

The cure of Mr. Horn was considered so marvellon

that it was brought before Hon. J. S. Phillips, Notary Public, of Philadelphia, who officially and legally sub-scribed to the fact.

The fact of one single remedy effecting cures in these cases when many eminent physicians had failed certainly demonstrates that the wonderful curative power of Dr. Greene's Nervura Nerve Tonic is beyond anything before known, and that it is the greatest nerve cure in exist ence. We know that it is a vegetable remedy and per ctly harmless, even for children or the most delicat invalids, and from the remarkable cures it is performing we do not besitate to advise all who are affected by as form of nervous disease like nervousness, nervous weak-ness, nervous exhaustion, nervous debility, sieepless-ness, mental depression, numbness, trembling, paraly-sis, tendency to insanity, neuralgia, headache, dyspep-sia, &c., to by all means try this wonderful remedy.

FUN FOR AFTER DINNER.



Reciprocity of Trade. [From Tid-Bits.]
Mr. Hankinson-Look a heah, Bulger, Is'll hab

ter charge yo' extry dis yer time. Yo' ha'r's all kinked up.

Mr. Bulger—Whuffer yo' sav dat, Mistan Hank'son, when yo's been a treddin' in Hobok'n mudlarst night?

In the crush of travel on a North Side cable car last Saturday an accident occurred that came nest

[From the Chicago Tribune.]

proving serious. A Pollsh gripmun while leaning out of the car in front inadvertently dropped his name and it became entangled in the grip. It was finally dragged out from under the car with the sid of several horses and the partially disabled coach slowly resumed its travels. A Name for ft. (From the Chicago Times.) "I see," said the new boarder, as he turned the combination and unlocked his share of the spring

Silicken, "that the doctors can't find a new name for the strange retebing disease in Ottawa." "Nonsense," chipped in the old bachelor, "that's the Canucks Vomica." Admitted on Conditions [From the Chicago Fribune.] St. Peter-Now, then, madam, it is your turn.

Who are you?

Applicant for Admission-I am an opera singer. St. Peter (dublously)—You may come in, madam, on condition that you take a back seat and kee quiet. Cohgregational singing is the custom here, and none of the angels sing in the operatic style. What They Thought Him. [From the Boston Courier.]

had the leading role, but the audience evidently bought I was intended for a supe." "Because when I appeared they threw vegetable Hard Drinking. [From Texas Siftings.] Mrs. O'Toole-Shure, Mrs. Clancy, can you tel me phwat is meant by hard drinkin'?

share; but I think m's sitting on a rock and sipping cold water, I The Generals Are Doing It. (From the Pittsburg Chronicle.)
** Military men appear to be causing all the tros

Mrs. Clancy-Olm not

ble now," remarked Squildig. "Are they?" replied McSwilligen.
"Yes, there's General Boulanger in France and
general strikes in this country." An Expensive Present. Young Wife-Yes, father always gives away ax ensive things when he makes presents.

Husband-So I discovered when he gave you And then he went to his library to draw a check for the monthly millinery bill. April ! [From the Chicago Tribune.]

metic; We hall thee, sunny, laughing April!
Saimy with the breath of flowers! From his of
Enou tempt'at the suchorite to wander forth
And revel in the beauty of thy presence.
The opening bud, upspringing blade of grass,
And buzzing bee proclaim thy Great Jehoshs
half

What have you done with my umbrellal

Do Not Porger that Capture Tantel

Bright hafbinger of brighter months to come,
Thou art a thing of beauty and a joy
For thirty days. Beneath thy radiant smile
The face of Nature, furrowed by the atorms
And griefs of winter's fierce and rathless smy,
builtes in response. Thou comest like a position
To heat the blows of March, heaving own cometic:

How dark it's getting! . . . Frank, you grist